

《高中英语》(上外版) 选择性必修第四册第四单元 Approaching Classics

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Approaching

Classics

Getting Started
Answer the questions.
1. What classic work(s) have you read?
2. Would you recommend it/them to your friends? What or why no?

In this unit, we are going to

talk about classic works and their influences develop an awareness of the common values of classic works across cultures. form our own opnions based on existing views highlight key points while speaking and apply knowledge of base, told elements to story writting.

	课时	授课内容		
	1	Getting Started/ Reading A		
	1	Reading A/ Vocabulary Focus		
	1	1 Reading A/ Grammar in Use		
	1.5	1.5 Listening, Viewing and Speaking		
	1 Reading B			
	0.5	Critical Thinking		
	1	Writing		
	1	Further Exploration/ Self-assessment		

学习目标 Learning Objectives:

At the end of the lesson, you will be able to ...

1. 能分析诗歌类型及诗歌文体特征; analyze the types and stylistic features of poems;

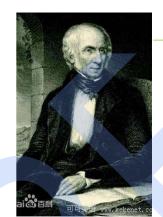
> 2. 能体会如何通过时态、词汇等的精准运用表达诗歌的内涵,并识别不同修辞手法在诗歌情感表达中的作用; realize how to express the connotation of the poem through the precise use of tense and vocabulary, and identify the role of different rhetorical devices in the emotional expression of the poem;

> > 3. 能欣赏作者在山水之间寄寓的情感和思想, 提高经典作品价值赏析的跨文化意识。

appreciate the author's feelings and thoughts expressed in the mountains and rivers, and improve the cross-cultural awareness of the value of classic works.



William Wordsworth



William Wordsworth was one of the founders of English Romanticism. He was called a poet of nature, and he was concerned with the human relationship to nature. In his view, all good poetry is a spontaneous overflow of powerful feelings.

William Wordsworth (1770 – 1850)

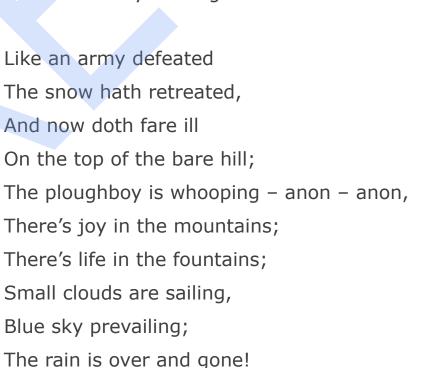


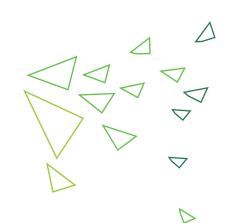


While Resting on the Bridge at the Foot of Brother's Water

William Wordsworth

The cock is crowing, The stream is flowing, The small birds twitter, The lake doth glitter, The green field sleeps in the sun; The oldest and youngest Are at work with the strongest; The cattle are grazing, Their heads never raising; There are forty feeding like one!







The cock is crowing, The stream is flowing, The small birds twitter, The lake doth glitter, The green field sleeps in the sun; And now doth fare ill The oldest and youngest Are at work with the strongest; The cattle are grazing, Their heads never raising; There are forty feeding like one!

Like an army defeated The snow hath retreated, On the top of the bare hill; The ploughboy is whooping – anon - anon, There's joy in the mountains; There's life in the fountains; Small clouds are sailing, Blue sky prevailing; The rain is over and gone!

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5

In the eyes of William Wordsworth, March is <u>beautiful</u>. He saw <u>snow melting and blue sky prevailing</u>. He heard <u>crowing cock and twittering birds</u>. He felt <u>March is a season of life and hope</u>.



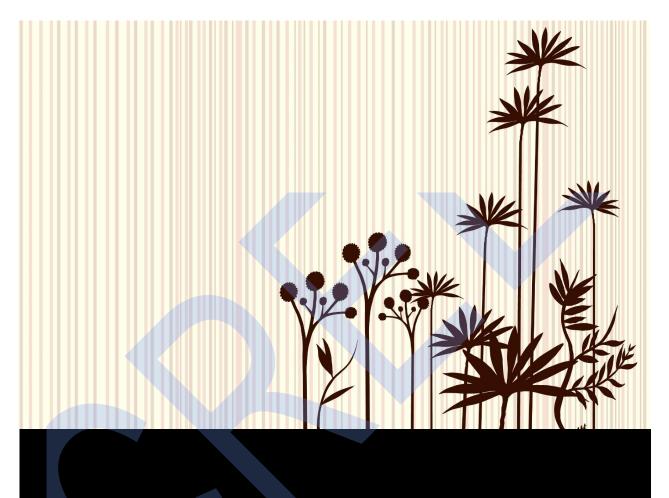
Written in March

In my view, March is

because I can see (hear / smell...)

All of these make me feel

Figure of Speech	Example	Example from the poem
Simile : an expression including the words "like" or "as" to compare one thing to another	Roberto was white as a sheet after he watched the horror film	Like an army defeated, the snow hath retreated.
Rhyme : a repetition of similar- sounding words, occurring at the end of lines in poems or songs	Twinkle, twinkle litter, star. How I wonder what you are!	The cock is crowing, The stream is flowing,
Alliteration: the appearance of the same sound or sounds at the beginning of two or more words that are next to or close to each other	Round the rocks runs the river.	There are forty feeding like one!
Personification : the description of an object or an idea as if it had human characteristics	The kitchen knife will take a bite out of you hand if you don't handle it safely.	The green field sleeps in the sun!
Onomatopoeia : the act of creating or using words whose pronunciation is close to the actual sound they represent	The clap of thunder went bang and scared my poor dog.	The Ploughboy is whooping anonanon Written in March



Written in March

11



The early spring is in the air, I am wandering on the square, The long freezing winter finally waved away, I feel totally refreshed on the day, Kids are chasing after one another, Leaving far behind their mother, Pets are running loose in the park, Everything come alive from the dark.

Homework

1.Read the poem "Written in March" twice aloud and fluently;

- 2.Polish your versions of "Written in March";
- 3. Appreciate William Wordsworth poem "Lines Written in Early Spring" by using the pattern learned in class.

4.Optional:Write the poem "Written in ...(month)" 13



Thank you!