上外版 高二年级 选择性必修三 第二单元 第8课时 学案(学生版)

I. Critical Thinking

Activity 1:

1. What are the similarities of the different types of friendship in the three stories?

What values do the sayings convey respectively? (You may underline the key words in each

saying.)

A friend can change your life with a small gesture.

A friend in need is a friend indeed.

Good friends help you find important things when you have lost them, your smile, your hope, and your courage.

A real friend is one who walks in when the rest of the world walks out.

A friend's eye is a good mirror.

Friendship is born at the moment when one says to another: What! You too? I thought I was the only one.

A friend at hand is better than a relative at distance.

In hardship we see the friendship.

Activity 2:

1. Match the sayings with the stories based on the common values they share.

5	Stories	Sayings
R	eading A	
R	eading B	
	Viewing	

2. Explain why the sayings and the friendship stories share common values according to your

understanding.

II. Further Exploration

Introduce one of the poems to the foreign friends.

Assignment:

Find one more classical Chinese poem and its English version on the topic of friendship and introduce it to a foreigner.