

Worksheet One

Task 1: Appropriacy

Directions: Look at the scenes and figure out which event they belong to.

Scenes:

- to eat Zongzi
- to watch dragon boat racing
- to eat Turkey
- to spend the day with loved ones
- to celebrate family unions
- to eat rice balls
- to guess riddles and watch fireworks
- to play small tricks on friends or strangers
- to hold activities to in memory of the May Fourth Movement of 1919
- to give gifts to little kids
- to organise entertaining activities

Events:

- | | | |
|------------------------|--------------------|------------------|
| ✧ Dragon Boat Festival | ✧ Lantern Festival | ✧ Youth Day |
| ✧ Thanksgiving Day | ✧ April Fool's Day | ✧ Children's Day |

Possible answer:

The Lantern Festival has a long history in China, featuring ancient spiritual traditions. Chinese people spend the day with their loved ones to celebrate family unions. People used to guess riddles and lanterns on the day. Now people enjoy fireworks instead. But eating rice balls has been a tradition till now.

Task 2: Listening

Directions: Listen and fill in the blanks with the words you hear.

Learning Spanish is more than grammar and vocabulary. It is also about getting to know the Spanish people and their (1) **lifestyle**.

Weddings are one of the most important types of (2) **traditions** in Spain. Traditional Spanish weddings may have at least 200 guests. However, the number of guests really depends on the couple getting married. Today, more and more people choose a civil (3) **ceremony** and a small reception with family and close friends.

A typical (4) **celebration** is to throw rice or rose petals as the couple leaves the wedding site. Another one is for the (5) **bride** and groom to share 13 coins. These coins are called (6) **unity** coins, which means they promise to share the goods they have and will have in their future together.