《高中英语》(上外版)选择性必修三 第四单元 第2课时 学案(教师版)

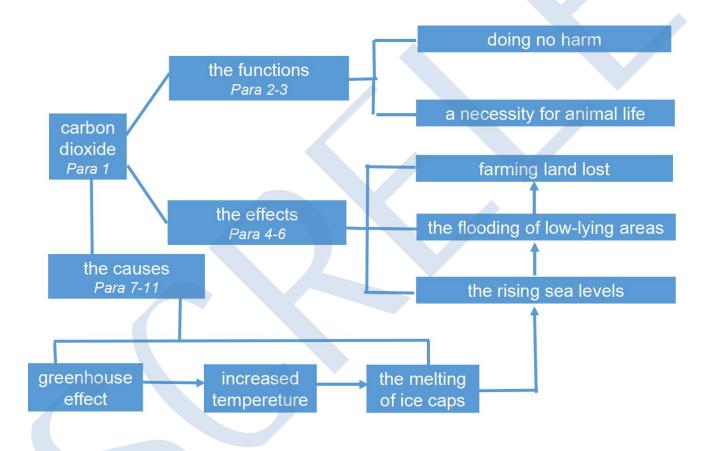
I. Warm-up

Interactive Task 1: Review the main idea and organization of Reading A.

Q1:What is the theme of the text?

The writer describes the functions of small quality of carbon dioxide, harmful effects of carbon dioxide, and the causes of these consequences to make the public aware of the serious results of global warming.

Q2: What is the organization of the text?



II. Language Focus

Interactive Task 2: Review and analyse the functions of small quantity of carbon dioxide in Para. 2-3.

- Q1: Can you identity the connector that links the two functions of carbon dioxide in Para. 2-3? What's more.
 - 1) what's more

to add more information that emphasizes what you are saying 更为甚者: 更为重要的是

• 空气中少量的二氧化碳对我们没有害处,更为重要的是它对生命很重要。(what's more)

A small quality of carbon dioxide in the air does us no harm, and what's more it is essential to life.

Q2: How do plants produce "food"?

Plants absorb carbon dioxide and convert it into their own tissue, which serve as the basic food supply for all

of animal life (including human beings, of course).

2) absorb /əb sə:b / vt.

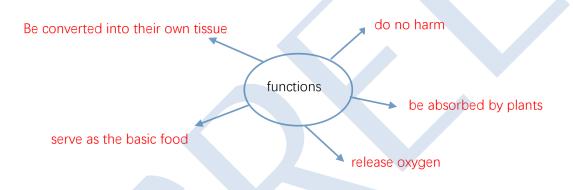
to take in liquid, gas, or another substance from the surface or space around something 吸收(液体、气体等) absorb heat/carbon dioxide/water/knowledge

sb. be absorbed in one's work

absor<u>ption</u> /əbˈsə: pʃən/ noun absorb<u>ent</u> /əbˈsə: bənt/ adjective

Choose the word and phrases mentioned above and fill in the blanks in proper forms.

- 1. The scientists _____ their work on plants' _____ of carbon dioxide.
- 2. To sell recognized that these qualities might make it useful as an ______material for removing carbon dioxide.
 - 1. are absorbed in; absorption 2. absorbent
- Q3: Could you list the words and expressions related to the function of CO2 in Para. 2-3?



Interactive Task 3: Review and analyse the harmful effects of CO2 in Para. 4-6.

Q1: Why is this apparently harmless and certainly essential gas harmful to us?

The sea level is rising very slowly and in all <u>likelihood</u>, it will continue to rise and do so at a greater rate in the course of the next hundred years.

- 3) likelihood/'laɪklihʊd/
 - n. the chance of sth happening; how likely sth is to happen 可能; 可能性
 - adj. & adv. likely sb./sth. be likely to do sth.

It's likely that...

- e.g. In all likelihood, the sea level will continue to rise and do so at a greater rate in the course of the next hundred years.
- = The sea level will <u>be likely to</u> continue to rise and do so at a greater rate in the course of the next hundred years.

- = <u>It's likely that</u> the sea level will continue to rise and do so at a greater rate in the course of the next hundred years.
- 随着海平面的每年上升,许多城市很可能被淹没,引起了世界上很多耕地丢失。

As the sea level is rising from year to year, <u>in all likelihood</u>, many cities will be drowned, causing much of the most farming land of the world to be lost.

As the sea level is rising from year to year, many cities <u>are likely to</u> be drowned, causing much of the most farming land of the world to be lost.

As the sea level is rising from year to year, <u>it's likely that</u> many cities will be drowned, causing much of the most farming land of the world to be lost.

Q2: Could you list the words and expressions related to the harmful effects of CO2 in Para. 4-6?



Interactive Task 4: Review and analyse the causes of consequences of CO2 in Para. 7-11.

Q1: What does the greenhouse effect mean?

It means an increase in the <u>concentration</u> of carbon dioxide in the atmosphere that leads to an increase in the planet's average temperature.

- 4) concentration / konsən treifən /
 - n. the amount of a substance contained in a liquid or in another substance 浓度; 含量
 - n. the ability to direct all your effort and attention on one thing, without thinking of other things 专心;专注
 - vt. concentrate 集中于;专注
 - concentrate one's efforts/attention/energy/mind etc on something 全神贯注于; 集中于
- 在这节课上,生物老师将着重讲温室效应是怎样形成的。(concentrate)
 In this class, the biology class shall concentrate (his attention) on how the greenhouse effect comes about.
- 随着温室气体浓度的下降,地球开始再次变冷,最终又将回到冰河时代。(concentration)

- <u>Gradually as the concentration of greenhouse gases goes down</u>, Earth starts to cool again, and eventually you slip back into an Ice Age.
- Human beings need powers of <u>concentration</u> to stop the <u>concentration</u> of carbon dioxide from moving upwards to avoid the greenhouse effect.

为了避免温室效应,人类必须集中精力阻止二氧化碳的浓度上升。

Q2: What is it that <u>demonstrates</u> the villainy of carbon dioxide?

It is the melting of the ice caps that <u>demonstrates</u> the villainy of carbon dioxide.

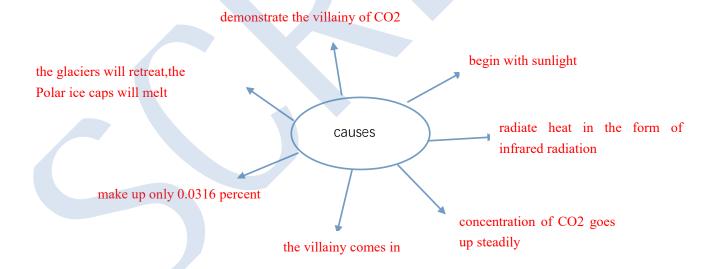
- 5) demonstrate / demonstrett /
 - v. to show sth clearly by giving proof or evidence 证明;证实;论证;说明
 - \sim sth (to sb)
 - ~ that /how/what/why etc
 - n. demonstration
 - •这些结果有力地证明,空气中的坏人是二氧化碳。 (demonstrate)

These results demonstrate convincingly that the villain in the atmosphere is carbon dioxide.

• 冰盖的融化清楚的说明了全球的气候变暖。(demonstration)

The melting of the ice caps is a clear demonstration of global warming.

Q3: Could you list the words and expressons related to the causes of these consequences in Para.7-11?



Interactive Task 5: List the topic-related words and expressions.

The Villain in the Atmosphere							
1. Functions of carbon dioxide	2.	Harmful effects dioxide	of carbon	3. Causes of these consequences			

2C Unit 4 The Villain in the Atmosphere

	sea level is rising,	begin with sunlight,	
do no harm,	in all likelihood,	radiate heat in the form of infrared	
be absorbed by plants,	it continues to rise at a greater	radiation,	
release oxygen,	rate,	concentration of CO2 goes up	
serve as the basic food,	splash against the windows,	steadily,	
be converted into their own	many cities will be drowned,	the villainy comes in,	
tissue	farming land will be lost,	make up only 0.0316 percent	
	food supply drops,	the glaciers will retreat,	
	starvation will be widespread,	the Polar ice caps will melt,	
		demonstrate the villainy of CO2,	

III. Language application

Interactive Task 6:

Fill in the blanks with the appropriate forms of the given words and expressions to complete the dialogue. Note that there are two more options than you need.

widespread	atmosphere	estimate	quantity	release	
do harm to	at a rate of	come about	absorb	concentration	
A: Do you know a	nything about carbo	n dioxide?			
B: Carbon dioxide	is a gas. We breathe	e in oxygen and br	eathe out carbon	dioxide. And plants 1	carbon
dioxide.					
A: So carbon dioxi	ide is not really harn	nful?			
B: Well, carbon die	oxide itself does not	the ex	nvironment, but	the 3 of it in t	he atmosphere
causes the "gree	enhouse effect."				
A: What is the "gre	eenhouse effect"?				
B: It is the process	by which radiation	from the sun is blo	ocked by the gre	enhouse gases and not refle	ected back into
space. The 4	retains mor	re heat than necess	sary.		
A: How does that	5?				
B: In the last few c	centuries, coal, oil ar	nd natural gas have	e been burned fo	r energy at a rapidly increa	sing rate. The
carbon containe	d in these fuels is be	eing 6	in the form of ca	rbon dioxide and poured in	ito the
atmosphere.					
A: And the forests,	, once 7, 1	have been disappe	aring rapidly in	the last couple of centuries.	
B: Exactly. It is 8	that trop	ical forests are nov	w disappearing 9	about 13 million	hectares per
year.					

2C Unit 4 *The Villain in the Atmosphere*

dioxide is being removed by plants.

B: As a result, the 10 _____ of the carbon dioxide in the atmosphere is going up year by year.

1. absorb 2. do harm to 3. concentration 4. atmosphere 5. come about

6. released 7. widespread 8. estimated 9. at a rate of 10.quantity

Interactive Task 7: Group discussion

Question: what aspects of your daily life have been affected by the global warming?

Requirements:

- a. introduce the effects of the global warming.
- b. explain possible causes in a logical way.
- c. use as many words and expressions learnt in the text as possible.

IV. Homework

- 1. Complete Ex II on P55-P56;
- 2. Write a short passage (at least 100 words) on "what aspects of your daily life have been affected by the global warming?"

Requirements:

- a. introduce the effects of the global warming.
- b. explain possible causes in a logical way.
- c. use as many words and expressions learnt in the text as possible.